

1 We thank the reviewers for their comments and suggestions. We address the specific the specific concerns below.

2 **Reviewer 1:** - ll. 38-41: We agree that Corollary 1 is not a direct corollary. It does, however, follow from the  
3 techniques used to prove Theorem 1, and the details of this are described in Section 3.1. We will state and prove this  
4 more formally in the final version.

5 - ll. 266-267: We were trying to point out that for example for random Boolean functions, the constant hypothesis  $1/2$   
6 achieves smaller square loss than any homogeneous ReLU.

7 **Reviewer 2:** Thank you for pointing out the typo. We will fix it.

8 **Reviewer 3:** The details of the SQ lower bound are mentioned in section 3.1. We will be more precise in our theorem  
9 statements in the final version.

10 Regarding the  $d^{\Omega(\log(1/\epsilon))}$  lower bound, note that this rules out any algorithm that has a running time that is a fixed  
11 polynomial in the dimension. This is stronger than, say a  $(1/\epsilon)^{\log(1/\epsilon)}$  lower bound. We are not aware of a  $d^{O(1/\epsilon)}$  time  
12 algorithm for this problem.